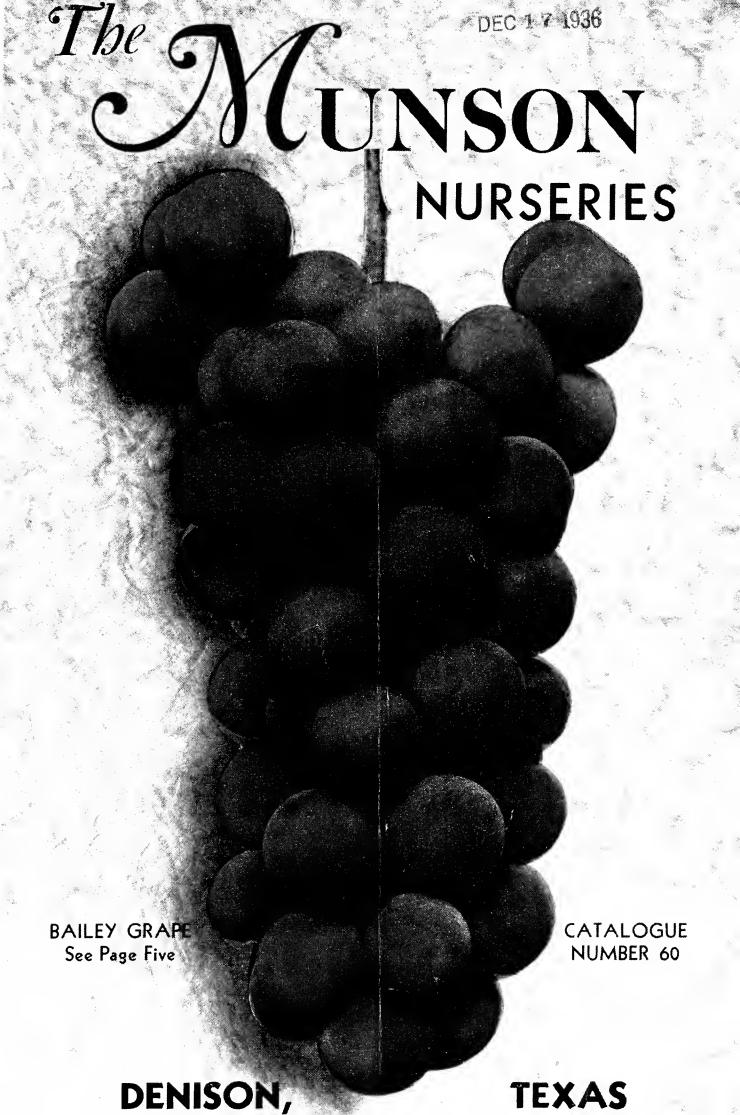
Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

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Upon Your Success Depends Our Future

When you buy plants, for garden, orchard, vineyard or lawn, you want to be sure that, aside from conditions beyond human control and with intelligent planting and careful tending, those plants will grow and produce. If they do not, you have lost your time and money.

We at the Munson Nurseries today look upon our customers with the same attitude that the founder did. We know that no business transaction can be one-sided if the business is to continue a going concern and prosper.

So to you who have been our customers for years, we say thank you. To others who want the best plants it is humanly possible to develop and grow, we say send us your orders for the coming season. They will receive the best of care and attention. And we shall do everything in our power to make you a regular Munson customer.

Our Policies. Service and Business Information

TERMS. Our terms are cash with order. The prices are net cash. All prices have been so figured and discounts deducted. If we extended any credit or opened accounts, it would be necessary to have higher or increased prices.

We do not accept orders for less than \$1.00.

SHIPPING CHARGES. All postage, express or freight will be paid on order amounting to \$5.00 or more for all nursery stock except pecan trees listed in this catalog to any point in Texas or States in the United States joining Texas.

RESERVATIONS of stock will be made when one-third of the price accompanies the order. This is to accommodate those who are not ready to plant early

in the season, but wish to secure the stock before same is sold.

ERRORS AND COMPLAINTS. We want every order to be satisfactorily filled. If there is any error or dissatisfaction, we will appreciate it if you will let us know not later than five days to admit of We cheerfully correct any errors. adjustment.

IT IS TO OUR INTEREST to send out the very best stock possible, true to label, healthy and packed to arrive in good condition, and this we will do. But as we cannot prevent drouths, freezes, ravages of insects, rabbits, diseases, planting in unsuitable soils, or locations, careless or improper planting, indifferent or ignorant cultivation, WE DO NOT GUARANTEE STOCK TO LIVE that arrives in good condition.

The Munson Guarantee To You: WE GUARANTEE TO SEND: (a) Healthy Stock.
(b) Free from insects, diseases, etc. (c) TRUE to Label. (d) Delivered in good condition. Then our responsibility ceases. IF WE FAIL IN THESE, WE WILL Replace with other stock of same value.

With every order of grapes amounting to \$10.00 or over, we will give you absolutely free. "THE FOUNDATION OF AMERICAN GRAPE CULTURE",

written by the late T. V. Munson. This wonderful book contains 252 pages with 87 full page illustrations. Contains all the necessary information for growing grapes such as preparation of soil, planting, cultivation and pruning. It is beautifully printed and bound and contains references to all the best known varieties grown on this continent as well as some of the best known imports. If you are at all interested in grapes you cannot afford to be without this outstanding book.

If ordered separately, the regular retail selling price is \$1.50 per copy postpaid.

The Munson Name has been Associated with Grapes in this Country and France for Over 60 Years

To those of you who are interested in the growing of grapes, we ask that you read carefully the cultural information below. It is authentic in every respect being excerpts from the great works of the late T. V. Munson "The Foundation of American Grape Culture".

A. This ancient fruit is at home on any character of soil and there is not a place that should be without it. Whether in the vineyard or arbors, backyards, or trained on fences, porches, or buildings, the grape bears with astonishing regularity.

B. All bearing grapes have one of two kinds of flowers—both kinds are pistillate, but one has perfect stamens and will bear alone; the other has imperfect stamens and will require a perfect stamen variety blooming at the same time planted near to render the imperfect stamen variety fruitful. Some of the best varieties are those having imperfect stamens. In the following descriptions characters are given after the name of the variety, which will indicate to the reader the kind of flower and date of flowering. So in selecting mates for the imperfect stamen kinds, select those varieties with perfect stamens, blooming within three days earlier or at the same time. The perfect flowering kinds are indicated with (†) and the imperfect flowering with (*). In respect to date of blooming. A is for April and M is for May, and the figure following the date as A9 means April 9th. The dates mentioned are for Denison for the average period of years. They will vary in other sections and vary from year to year in any place.

C. All the varieties possessing Post-Oak blood, in order to get best results in cropping, should be treated the same as Herbemont; that is, plant wide apart, as much as 12 to 16 feet in the rows, and have long arm pruning. They do especially well upon the Munson Canopy Trellis.

D. For marketing and long distance shipments, large berry, large cluster, good quality, skin tough. Lomanto, Concord, R. W. Munson, Niagara,, Bailey, Armalaga, Carman, Muench, Fern, Last Rose.

E. For local marketing, quality grapes, good appearance, not well adapted for distance shipment;

Headlight, Brilliant, Captivator, Rommel, Mericadel, Ellen Scott, Edna, Ronalda, and all paragraph D.

F. For home use where extra high quality is wanted, but varieties otherwise may have too small berry for market or too tender skin for shipping long distances; Bell, Wapanuka, Albania, Manito. All those mentioned in paragraphs D and F are also fine home use varieties.

G. While all of varieties in the catalog are adapted and successful in most parts of the South and Southwest, some wish a selected list for certain purposes. To help make such selections, we offer the following suggestions:

H. For red juice or for making red wine: America, Cloeta, R. W. Munson, Concord, Jacquez.

I. For light amber colored juice or wine: Marguerite, Ellen Scott, Herbemont, Blondin.

J. For limy soils where Post-Oak Grape hybrids will not succeed: Lomanto, Ladano, Bell, Salamander. Lukfata, Champanel, Elvicand and Valhallah.

K. For Coastal Plain or near the coast: Carman, R. W. Munson, Bailey, Ellen Scott, Edna, Niagara. Beacon, Extra. Where Phyloxera is present or Root Rot varieties will have to be grafted upon resistant stocks. Varieties named in paragraph J have nearly resistant roots.

Distance apart to plant is mentioned with each variety, just by mentioning the number of feet, as "8 feet". Those mentioned to be planted 8 feet should have SHORT ARM pruning, say 3 to 4 feet. Those mentioned to be planted 12 feet should have MEDIUM ARM pruning, say arms 4 to 6 feet long and those mentioned to be planted 16 feet apart should have LONG ARM pruning, say with arms 6 to 8 feet long. Distances mentioned are for vines in row. All rows can be 10 feet apart regardless of distance in the row.



Grapes—The Most Dependable of All Fruits Munson's Offer You America's Finest

The Munson family has originated 60 improved varieties of grapes. The Munson grapes listed in this catalog are the best grapes, developed from many thousands of tests, which included the world's best known varieties. This nursery is known in America and Europe as America's leading grape nursery.

Grapes Are Described in Order of Ripening

July 1 to 10

BACHMAN'S EARLY.† Cluster large, berries large, black, ripens evenly. Skin thin, but tough, Quality of the best. Seeds small and few. Pulp juicy and melting. The vine is vigorous, hardy and productive. The flowers are self fertile. It is a fine market grape.

BRILLIANT. (†A-17. 8 feet). (Lindley x Delaware). Growth strong. Vine endures winters anywhere up Growth strong. Vine endures winters anywhere up to 15 degrees below zero. Clusters large, cylindrical. Berries large, globular, light to dark red, translucent, with a thin bloom, handsome, skin thin, tender, seldom cracks; pulp meaty, yet tender, melting and delicious; yields heavy crop.

MANITO. (*A20. 12 feet). Hybrid of America and Brilliant. Growth similar to America, endures extremes of climate. Clusters long, cylindrical, rather open, with long peduncle; prolific; berries medium, globular, persistent, dark purple, with white specks;

globular, persistent, dark purple, with white specks; very distinct and unique in appearance; skin thin and tough, pulp very tender, juicy, sweet and agreeable. Ripens early, about with Moore Early, packs and ships excellently. A very profitable market grape, also a good wine grape. Adapted for general North and South.

LOMANTO. (†A20. 12 feet). Hybrid of Salado and Malaga. Vine vigorous, prolific, no rot nor mildew; cluster above medium; medium to large;

mildew; cluster above medium; medium to large; dark purple or black, skin thin, tough: pulp melting, excellent quality; juice claret red. Valuable for limy soils and hot climates. Resistant to root rot. CAMPBELL EARLY. (†A15. 12 feet). Hybrid of Concord, Moore Early, and Muscat-Hamburg. Cluster large, shouldered, berry very large, black, slightly ovoid. Better in quality than Concord. PRESIDENT. (†A18. 12 feet). Pure seedling of Herbert. Has a better vine, which is strong, healthy, and prolific. Cluster medium compact; herry large.

Herbert. Has a better vine, which is strong, healthy, and prolific. Cluster, medium, compact; berry large, black, does not crack. Ripens with Moore's Early and of far more value in the South than that variety. Quality excellent. Recommended for the latitude from Texas to 40 degrees north.

CACO. A cross of the Concord and Catawba, originated in the North. Very handsome pink, large berry, medium cluster. Of high quality and flavor. Has done well here the short time we have had the variety. Vine seemingly as vigorous as Catawba.

July 10 to 20

ROMMEL. (†A18. 8 feet). Hybrid of Elvira and Triumph. Growth medium, prolific, Clusters medium to small, compact, peduncle short. Berries large, globular, persistent, greenish-yellow when fully ripe, skin thin and delicate, too tender for long shipglobular, ment. Profitable for home market, is always in demand on account of its agreeable and fine eating qualities. Pulp melting and perfectly delicious when well ripened.

BELL. (†A15, 12 feet). A hybrid of Elvira with Delaware. Vine vigorous, healthy, free from mildew and leaf folder, very hardy, sure producer; cluster medium, cylindrical, often with a shoulder, fairly compact: herry medium round greenish vellow compact; berry medium, round, greenish-yellow,



Concord Grapes

rarely attacked with Black Rot; skin thin, sufficiently tough to prevent cracking under ordinary weather changes; pulp tender, juicy, very sweet and agree-ably flavored; ripens just before Concord.

WAPANUKA. (†A22. 8 feet). (Rommel x Brilliant). Growth medium to strong. Clusters medium to large, cylindrical, shouldered, properly compact. Berries large, globular, persistent, rich yellowish white, translucent; skin very thin and delicate.

July 20 to August 1

CLOETA. (*A25. 16 feet). (America x R. W. Munson). Vine vigorous, healthy. Fruit quite handsome with medium size conical clusters, rich black medium size berries. Fine for wine.

CONCORD. (†A18. 12 feet). This is the standard variety. It ships well and is a good market grape. Fine for jellies. Cluster medium to large, berry large, black with foxy flavor. It is a good variety to use for pollenating R. W. Munson, Fern, and some other of the extra fine, but imperfect flowering varieties.

All nursery stock is postpaid except where noted — See page 2.

Start Right—By Planting Munson's Grapes, Everything Depends on the Quality of Your Stock

R. W. MUNSON. (*A3. 16 feet). (Big Berry Post-Oak x Triumph). Growth strong. Clusters medium to large. Berries when well grown, medium to large, black without bloom; skin never cracks; pulp tender, juicy and of a very good quality, better than Concord or Beacon. Gives good satisfaction on market. Bears heavily on long pruning and when pollenated by other erect stamened varieties flowering at same time, its own pollen not being fully adequate, although its flowers are perfect. Resistant to Root Rot.

DELICATESSEN. A cross of Delicious with R. W. Munson, that is a combination of Post-Oak Concord, Muscat and Herbemont, the four best species. Vine vigorous, healthy and prolific. Cluster above medium, cylindrical with shoulder. Berry about size of Concord, black, thin skin. Pulp tender, juicy, possessed of an exquisite peculiar flavor, very rich. An excellent market, table and wine grape.

August 1 to 10

MERICADEL. (†A26, 12 feet). Hybrid of America with Delaware. Vigorous and productive; clusters large, berry medium, purple, persistent to cluster; skin thin, tough; pulp tender and meaty, best quality; fine for table and market. Ripens late, just after Concord.

BEACON. (*A22). (Big Berry Post-Oak x Concord). Growth medium in South Texas, becoming stronger in North Texas, to very strong in Missouri. Very prolific, of large cylindrical clusters, often shouldered, moderately compact. Berries as large as Concord, black, with heavy white bloom. Skin a little tougher than Concord, never cracks; pulp rather more tender than Concord, very juicy, sprightly and of a very similar flavor to Concord; rather more agreeable; seeds readily leave the pulp

EXTRA. (†M1. 16 feet). (Big Berry Post-Oak x Triumph). Growth strong, cluster oblong to cylindrical, sometimes shouldered, moderately compact. Berries persistent, globular, medium to large, dark purple to black, with moderate bloom; skin thin, tough, never cracks; pulp tender, juicy, sprightly, agreeable, sweet.

BAILEY. (†A26. 16 feet). (Big Berry Post-Oak x Triumph). Growth strong. Clusters large, cylindrical or often branching, generally compact. Berries persistent, large, black, with little bloom; skin thin and tough, never cracking; pulp mealy, but not tough; juicy, sprightly, of good quality, considerably above Concord; seeds readily parting from pulp. A valuable market grape, easily superseding Concord especially in South-Central and Southwest Texas, where it has done remarkably well.

CHAMPANEL. (†A20. 16 feet). (V. Champini x Worden). Growth rampant, very resistant to heat and drouth, grows well in limy black soils. Berries large, conical, long peduncle, rather open. Berries globular, large, black, white bloom, persistent. Does well in any soil, but especially valuable for limy soils of the South. Resistant to Root Rot.

August 10 to 20

AMERICA. (*A23. 16 feet). (Seedling of Jaeger, No. 70). Growth strong. Cluster conical, compact. Berries persistent, medium size, black; skin thin and tender; does not crack; pulp melting, juicy, rich in sugar; also rich in agreeable acid; possesses a very distinct peculiar flavor, making a good combination market and wine grape. Very prolific with long arm pruning and when pollenized by other varieties, as it does not thoroughly pollenize itself.

GOETHE.† Cluster medium and rather open; berry large, pale pink; pulp tender. juicy, and highly flavored. Ripe August to September. Selections AB and C.

ARMALAGA. (†M2. 12 feet). A hybrid of Armlong (which is a hybrid of native Post-Oak grape with Black Eagle) and Malaga. The vine is vigorous and healthy. Flower perfect. Cluster large and compact. Berry large, yellowish-green, translucent, persistent to cluster. The skin is thin, tough, yet pleasant to taste, without astringency. Endures shipping as well as Tokay. In quality equal to best foreign grapes. This promises to be very valuable in all of the drier portions of the Southwest; it is hardier than pure Vinifera kinds.

FREE With every order for grapes amounting to \$10.00 or over we will give you free of charge the late T. V. Munson Book, "Foundations of American Grape Culture".



Gocthe

Start Now! Big Profits in Grapes

CATAWBA. (†A18. 12 feet). Cluster medium conical. Berries above medium, clear dark red. Skin thin, and tough to make good shipper. Pulp tender, juicy and sprightly with fine flavor. Fine for table, market and wine. A good variety to plant among America, R. W. Munson, and Fern to pollenate them.

August 20 to 30

BLACK SPANISH. (†M2. 16 feet). (Le Noir, Jacquez). Very prolific. Cluster rather open, but long and large. Berries small, very juicy and sprightly. Fine for red wine. Does well in Southwest Texas in semi-arid regions. In moister regions requires spraying to keep off mildew and black rot, to which it is subject.

ELLEN SCOTT. (†M3. 12 feet). Armlong hybridized with Herbemont. Vine beautiful, vigorous, prolific. Cluster large, conical. Berry large, translucent, violet, covered with delicate bloom. Skin thin, tough. Pulp tender, juicy and sprightly, high quality. Handsome table and market grape. Especially valuable in West and Southwest Texas where European varieties will grow; is becoming a valuable commercial variety.

CARMAN. (\dagger A26. 12 feet). (Post-Oak No. 1 x Triumph). Growth vigorous; foliage never attacked by leaf folder or mildew; prolific. Cluster large, conical, compact. Berries persistent, medium, globular, black with thin bloom; skin thin, tough, never cracking; pulp meaty, firm, tender when ripe; rich quality, superior to Concord; seeds easily leaving pulp.

EDNA. (*M3. 16 feet). One of handsomest grapes we have. Large clusters, white berries. Best quality. A hybrid of Armlong with Malaga. Has flavor of the Muscat that is good, but in this variety is superior. Sets fruit well, has recurved stamens. Ronalda, Ellen Scott and Armalaga are good pollenators for it.

LONGFELLOW. (Perfect flowering). A30. Hybrid of Armlong with Griesa, the latter a very fine Italian grape. Vine fair grower, very prolific, healthy. Clusters extremely large, often 10 to 12 inches in length. Berries large, oval, persistent, black, of high quality. One of the most magnificent market and show grapes. Adapted to all varieties of soil and for regions as far North as Missouri. Will compete with foreign grapes in market.

September

September grapes, while ripening here the last week of August, and first week in September, will hang on several weeks without deteriorating, as nights are cool and birds have left.

MINNIE. (†M4. 12 feet). Is a seedling of Edna, probably crossed with Longfellow. Cluster large, conical and handsome. Berry white covered with a bloom resembling frost. The berry is large, pulp tender, quality of the very best.

MARGUERITE. (†M18. 16 feet). A Post-Oak grape and Herbemont hybrid. Clusters medium, berry medium. Pulp very tender and juicy, of best flavor. Dark in color. Very late to ripen. Most excellent wine variety. Resistant to Root Rot.

MUENCH. (†M2. 16 feet). Hybrid of Neosho (a Missouri Post-Oak grape found by H. Jaeger) and Herbemont. Vine vigorous, free from all diseases; cluster large; berries above medium, purplish black; pulp tender and meaty, fine quality for table. Well adapted to the South.

EUROPEAN or VINIFERA VARIETIES. Violet Chasselas.

September

FERN MUNSON. (*M4. 16 feet). (Post-Oak No. 1 x Catawba). Growth strong. Cluster medium to large. Berries globular, medium to large, persistent; dark purplish red to nearly black; skin thin, tough; pulp firm, but not tough; juicy, sprightly, with agreeable Catawba flavor. Profitable. Free from black rot. Has endured 27 degrees below zero and has borne well the following season. Endures drouth. It shows up well, ships well, and vines are vigorous, long-lived, and very prolific when well pollenated. Catawba, Muench, Herbemont, are good pollenators.

LAST ROSE (*M5. 16 feet). A hybrid of Armlong and Jefferson. Vine vigorous and prolific. Cluster large, compact, conical, with heavy shoulder. Berry medium bright red, round. Pulp tender, of good quality. Ripening late, probably latest grape in the list. Adapted to same regions as Ellen Scott. A very handsome market grape.

COLUMBIAN. (†M10. 12 feet). Seedling of Isabelle. Cluster small; berries immensely large, purple. quality fair. Ripens unevenly. Each, 20c; 10, \$2.00; 100, \$16.00.

RONALDA. (†M4. 16 feet). Armlong-Malaga hybrid. Long large clusters of white berries. Handsome as Edna, berries round. The Edna and Ronalda are full sisters.

FREE With every order for grapes amounting to \$10.00 or over we will give you free of charge the late T. V. Munson Book, "Foundations of American Grape Culture".



Fern Munson

Prices on All Munson Grapes Listed

Amer		Extra		Manito	
Carm	an	Ellen Sco	ott	Marguerite	
Conce	ord	Fern Mu		R. W. Munson	- 000
O		Each	$\begin{array}{c} 10 \\ \mathbf{C} & 1 & 0 \end{array}$	100 © 0.00	$\overset{1000}{\$75.00}$
One Year		'	\$1.25	\$ 9.00	
Two Year		20	1.50	12.00	95.00
Beac)n	Edna		Lomanto	
Baile		Delicates	ssen	Mericadel	
	Spanish	Cloeta		Minnie	
Brilli		Last Ros	se	Muench	
Bell		1400			
			Each	10	100
One Year			\$.20	\$1.50	\$12.00
				2.00	14.00
Arma	laga	Caco		Rupert	
	nan Early	Catawba		Ronalda	
	panel	Goethe		Rommel	
	bell Early	Longfell	ow	Wapanucka	
Colur		Presiden			
			Each	10	100
One Year	•		\$.25	\$2.00	\$14.00
	**************************		,	2.50	18.00

Strawberries and Other Small Fruits Can be Grown for Profit as Well as for Your Table



Youngberry

This wonderful and remarkable new berry can best be described by saying that it incorporates, to a remarkable degree, the most desirable qualities of all other popular berries. It is sweet, making it a fine fresh table berry, comparable to the strawberry; it has the pleasant flavor of the red raspberry; the julying juiciness and tartness of the Loganberry; the jellying and canning qualities of the blackberry; and size larger than the dewberry; though of a different shape, color and richness of flavor. Price: 75c per dozen; \$5.00 per 100.

Blackberries

DALLAS. This is one of the most sure of all Blackberries and endures Texas climate well. Ripens after McDonald and before Robison. Has rather drooping vine, thorny, very productive, medium size berry of fine quality. Price: 50 for \$1.25; 100 for \$2.00; 1000 for \$14.00.

Strawberries

MASTODON. Giant Everbearing. As a spring berry Mastodon produces bigger crops than most common varieties. It is mid-season, ripening its fruit with the Klondike.

On account of the high total amount of fruit produced during spring, summer and fall it is especially profitable when grown for sale at roadside markets.

profitable when grown for sale at roadside markets. The plants are large, vigorous, heavy crowned and deep rooted. This explains their ability to produce enormous loads of fine fruit. Every plant produces heavily; also the runner plants will often begin blooming and making fruit before taking root.

The berries are large and firm. As a market berry it is far superior to any other everbearing berry. Price: 25 for \$1.25; 50 for \$2.00; 100 for \$3.50.

THE NEW BLAKEMOORE. Originated and recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.

ommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Berries bluntly conic, good market size; rarely whitetipped, with solid center, small seeds, firm flesh, tough skin. Excellent flavor, aromatic, acid, with high pectin or gelatinizing content. The color is glossy light red developing quite evenly on both upper and lower sides, only slightly changed by holding or canning—a remarkable superiority added to all other choice preserving qualities. The vines are extra vigorous, productive, preferring the heavier types of soil. Price: 25 for 50c; 50 for \$1.00; 100 for \$1.75.

Dewberries

AUSTIN DEWBERRY. Probably the best commercial variety for Central and North Texas. Very large, fine flavor, and especially good for jams and jellies. A vigorous grower and very prolific. Ripe in May and June. Price: 50 for 95c; 100 for \$1.50; 1000 for \$10.00.

Munson's Two-Year-Old Everblooming Roses

Prices on all Munson Roses: Each, 30c; per doz., \$3.00.

BETTY UPRICHARD. HT. Copper-red buds, opening to semi-double flowers of above average size; brilliant orange-carmine on outer surface of petals, showing light salmon reflexes; spicy fragrance. Strong growing, persistent blooming, and healthy.

DAME EDITH HELEN. HT. Shapely buds and substantial, high-centered blooms of clear pink, sweetly scented and freely produced on long, strong stems. Vigorous.

EDITH NELLIE PERKINS. HT. Large, double flower with fine pointed center, inside of petals salmon-pink, outside dark coppery red and orange. A good grower and bloomer with few thorns and splendid foliage.

E. G. HILL. HT. Large, ovoid buds and immense, dazzling red flowers, shading to darker crimson without turning purple, on long stems. Plant vigorous and free flowering.

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE. HT. Brilliant red blooms of magnificent size, perfect in half-open state, showing clean, attractive centers when fully open; petals enormous; very fragrant. Plants branching, particularly free flowering and healthy.

GOLDEN OPHELIA. HT. Well-shaped blooms with a heart of golden yellow, shading lighter toward the edges of the flower, and delicately perfumed. The plant is robust and healthy, blooming with great freedom.

HADLEY. HT. In the Hadley we have a rose that possesses a rich and lasting crimson color, coupled with vigor of growth, robust constitution, and free blooming habit.

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VIKTORIA. HT. Wellformed, creamy buds which develop slowly to blooms of absolutely perfect form, snowy white with a slight tint of lemon at center; fragrant. Plant moderately vigorous and hardy.

LADY HILLINGDON. HT. Slender pointed buds and elegantly cupped flowers of deep saffron-yellow, paling toward the edges and becoming lighter as they expand; fragrant. The plant is erect, with perfect foliage.

LUXEMBOURG. HT. Yellow, shading to copper at center. Stiff, upright stems, producing large flowers especially valuable for cutting. One of the best yellow Roses for the South.

PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER. HT. Large flowers of a very charming combination of cerisepink, flame, scarlet, and yellow, with broad, thick petals; very fragrant. The clean, handsome foliage is an added attraction.

RADIANCE. HT. Brilliant rose-pink buds, opening to well-formed shining flowers with lighter tints on the reverse of the petals; globular in shape and very fragrant. The plant makes splendid growth; has wonderful blooming qualities.

RED RADIANCE. HT. Big, globular flowers of deep rose-red on strong, individual canes which are freely produced all summer until frost. Foliage excellent.

SENSATION. HT. Enormous, double, scarlet-crimson blooms of fine, deep form; sweetly scented. Plant strong and very active. 45 large petals.

SUNBURST. HT. Fine yellow flowers, strongly suffused with orange at the center, fragrant, and well shaped. Plant spreading.

TALISMAN. HT. Brilliant red and gold buds, opening to well-shaped blooms of scarlet-orange and rich yellow. Tall, vigorous growth. Constantly in bloom.

Munson's Rose Offer

Two dozen Beautiful 2-yearold field grown, everblooming Roses.

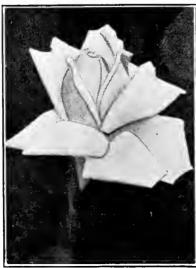
Postpaid

\$5.25

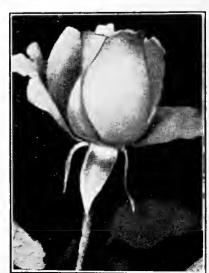
(Colors our selection)



Betty Uprichard



Lady Hillingdon



Red Radiance

Grow Your Own Fruit for Table and Market



Pears For Toothsome Preserves

As a rule. Pears are most successfully grown in a very heavy clay, or clayey loam, that has been well fertilized. If grown in sandy soil, coarse manure or litter should be worked into the soil. Mulching is of great benefit, and the orchard should be kept cultivated at all times.

This list of select varieties has been reduced to such as have been thoroughly tested and have proven valuable throughout the largest section of the South. Distance for planting, Standard trees, 20 to 25 feet.

BARTLETT. Large, buttery, melting, of rich flavor. Very popular. Ripens end of July and during August.

GARBER. Resembles the Kieffer in size, appearance and quality, but matures here in August, and between the Le Conte and Kieffer. A thrifty grower and valuable variety.

KIEFFER. Fruit large to very large, skin yellow, with a light vermilion cheek; flesh brittle; very juicy, with a marked musky aroma; quality good. Matures from September to October. Tree vigorous and very prolific. Begins to bear when four years old.

		Prices of	on Pea	r Trees	
		E	ach	10	100
2-3	ft.	\$.30	\$2.75	\$24.50
3-4	ft.		.40	3.75	32.50
4-5	ft.		.50	4.75	40.00

Munson's Apricot

Medium in size; yellow, fine flavor. Tree vigorous and a prolific cropper. Fairly consistent in cropping. Every orchard should include a few of these trees.

		Each	10	100
2-3	ft.	\$.30	\$2.75	\$24.50
3-4	ft.		3.75	32.50
4-5	ft.		4.75	40.00

Apples

JONATHAN. Medium, if thinned on the tree grows larger. Roundish, conical, rich bright red on light yellow ground, few minute white dots; flesh yellowish white, tender, juicy, sprightly, sub-acid, a standard of excellence in market apples. Tree has a dropping pendant habit; very productive, and requires rich soil. Universally popular. Should be gathered in August and stored to obtain best results.

BLEDSOE. A Texas seedling of great merit for the Southwest. Fruit large, light green striped with red; flesh white, sub-acid; tree vigorous and prolific. Ripe August and September.

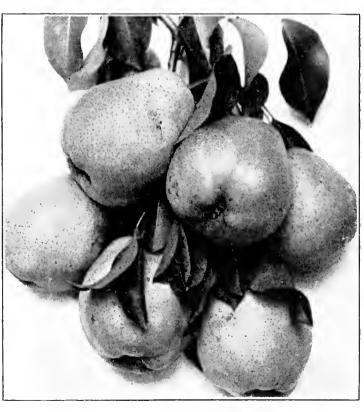
MAMMOTH BLACK TWIG. Excels Winesap in nearly every important point, better grower, hardier, and the fruit much larger; color even a darker red; flesh firmer; flavor milder, hut fully equal. A long keeper. November 1st.

DELICIOUS. Of peculiar and distinctive shape; brilliant dark red, shading off to golden yellow at the blossom end; flesh fine grained, juicy, crisp and melting; flavor sweet, with a slight acid taste. Tree vigorous, thrifty and a good, dependable cropper.

YELLOW DELICIOUS. Same as the Delicious only it is yellow in color.

		Prices on A	Apple	Trees	
		F	lach	10	100
2-3	ft.	\$.30	\$2.75	\$24.50
3-4	ft.		.40	3.75	32.50
4-5	ft.	********	.50	4.75	40.00

See outside back cover for our Special Home-Orchard Offer.



Kieffer

Munson's Nurseries was the First to Grow the Now Famous Stubenrauch Peaches and is the Only Nursery Growing All Varieties

The Stubenrauch varieties of peaches are developed by Mr. J. W. Stubenrauch of Mexia, Texas, and we believe without a question of doubt that his varieties are without equal. Many of his trees have been known to bear an abundance of fruit for over thirty consecutive years.

Especially do we call your attention to the Frank, a tree that has just recenty borne an average of ten bushels to a tree in an orchard of only sixteen trees. A three-year orchard under our observation bears a crop of six to seven bushels per tree.

The Frank, Tena and Katie are especially adapted to regions where late frosts kill the fruit.

SPECIAL NOTICE: When Mr. Stubenrauch first introduced his Frank Peach in 1915, he came to the Munson Nurseries and contracted with them to grow his stock. Since then this Nursery has been very active in the growing of these famous peaches and is today the only nursery growing all his varieties.

We offer you the Peaches of the Century-Stubenrauch.

SEE PAGE 11 FOR PRICES OF ALL PEACHES LISTED ON THIS PAGE.

IMPROVED VICTOR. In appearance and color similar to Victor or Mayflower, but much larger in size. White, semi-cling. Ripens before Carman.

ANNA. A decided favorite of Mr. Stubenrauch.

ANNA. A decided favorite of Mr. Stubenrauch. We believe the finest early ripening peach that grows. Medium in size, white freestone. Small seed with red flesh next to seed. Very sweet. Ripens about the 20th of June.

TENA. A week or ten days in advance of Elberta. Color a brighter red and yellow than the Elberta with quality much better. It is a cross of Mamie Ross with Elberta. It blooms late with Mamie Ross and rarely injured by cold. It is a high-class yellow freestone.

BARBARA. A freestone ripening with the Carrie. Barbara was introduced in the fall of 1916. It is a Bell October and Elberta cross. Round, large. Excellent quality, extra fine for canning. A fine grower and immense producer. A fifteen-year-old tree in the Stubenrauch orchard has a spread of limbs of 37 feet, and has borne ten bushel crops at several

LIBERTY. Is a large handsome yellow cling. A cross of a selected superior Elberta with Bell October. (Bell October is a handsome large yellow freestone, ripening late in September, and contains some Indian blood.) Full of red juice of best quality. Ripens close after the Tena

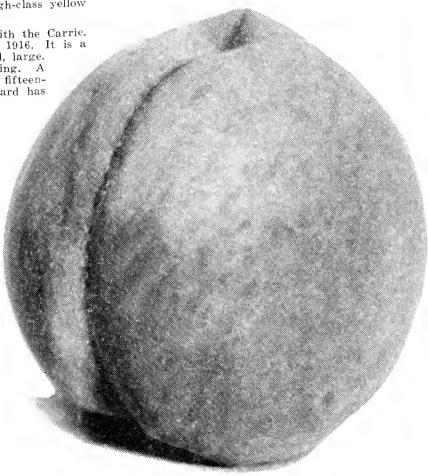
different times.

CARRIE. A Frank seedling, equally productive and certain. A yellow cling. Round, and larger than Frank, with beautiful red cheek.

FRANK. Has already made quite a record as many have testified. It was first introduced in the fall of 1915. Begins to ripen as Elberta is passing out, about August 10th in Central Texas and August 20th in North Texas. The past summer makes its thirtieth year it has fruited without a miss in the Stubenrauch orchard. It is a rich yellow and a red cling, above medium in size, of very fine eating quality. In shape and color it resembles its mother parent, the Bell October.

KATIE. Can well be called the September Elberta on account of its large size and shape similar to Elberta. It begins to start ripening as the Barbara passes out. Large size, yellow flesh, freestone, with yellow and red skin. Of best quality. Blooms late and rarely injured by frosts or winter colds. It is an Elberta and Bell October cross.

FREDERICKA. One of the young generation originations of the Stubenrauch productions. A fine companion for Katie. A large yellow freestone of very fine flavor. Skin yellow and red of high color.



The Frank Peach

Enjoy Peach Preserves the Year 'Round; Sell Your Surplus at a Nice Profit

Peaches

June 1st or Earlier First Part of June

EARLY WHEELER. Originated in Collin County, Texas. A large showy white cling, with red cheek. Very firm, of fair quality. It is valuable as a variety to reach distant markets, as it is a good shipper.

Latter Part of June

MAMIE ROSS. Originated in Dallas County, Texas. A very successful and sure bearing variety, very prolific. Large, white with cream blush on one side. White flesh, semicling.

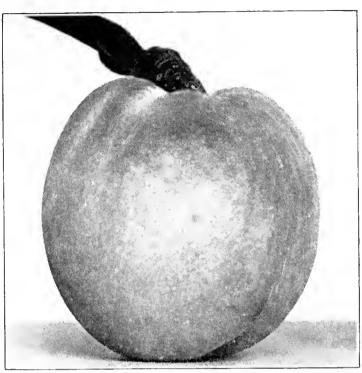
J. H. HALE. A large yellow freestone of finer quality, coming in before Elberta. Round and not pointed like Elberta. Originated in Georgia and doing well over the South.

Late July and Early August

ELBERTA. Orginated in Georgia. Well known for its regular bearing of large crops of large size peaches. The size, however, dependent upon the soil and, when thinned, you get a fine crop of extra fine show peaches, but if tree overhears and on thin soil the size

if tree overbears and on thin soil, the size and appearance are accordingly lowered. Flesh yellow, freestone, large size and of good quality, while not the richest. A standard for shipping and canning.

MINNIE STANFORD. Large, oblong; bright yellow with lots of red on cheek; flesh yellow, red next to seed, firm and juicy; particularly fine for preserving, pickling and canning, and one of the best all-purpose peaches. Tree vigorous, hardy and prolific. A clingstone which is ripe in July.



Elberta

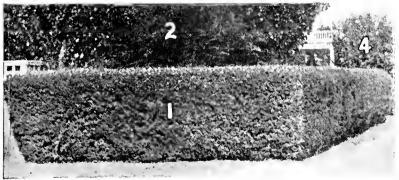
		Prices on A	All Peaches	
Size		Each		100
		\$.15		\$11.50
				15.00
				19.50
		.35		23.50
-	•	.45		29.75
		55	4.75	39.50

Our Privet is Extra Special

PRIVET, AMUR SOUTH (Ligustrum amurense). An evergreen plant which makes one of the most satisfactory and one of the most beautiful hedges of all the plants used for this purpose. It is a fast grower, graceful, upright, somewhat spreading, and almost entirely evergreen. The plant may be allowed to grow freely, when it will make an attractive background plant or screen, or it may be kept sheared into formal shapes. Hedges of this plant may be kept to any height desired.

PRICES AMUR PRIVET

		25	100
in.		-0	\$3.00
in.			4.75
ft.	***************************************	2.00	6.50



Amur River Privet Hedge

Figs

MAGNOLIA. Very large, brownish straw color; excellent for canning and for preserves. Will bear on one-year stems. More widely grown than any of the other varieties of Figs. Bears over a long period, having young green fruit at the same time as mature, ripe fruit.

BROWN TURKEY. Medium size; purplish-brown; sweet and good. Very prolific. Has habit of bearing on new wood, even fruiting in the nursery row.

Prices on Fig Trees

		Each	10
2-3	ft.	\$.25	\$2.25
3-4	ft.		2.60

All Nursery Stock is postpaid except where noted—See Page 2.

Very Little Ground is Required for Your Home Orchard — Start One Today

Plums

MUNSON PLUM. A large yellow plum, juicy and when full ripe has a tinge of pink in the skin. Tree is spreading and set very full every year. Our trees have never failed. Its size and color make it a very showy plum, both on the tree and in the basket. While it ripens early, it blooms late thus escaping freezes that kill the earlier blooming varieties.

AMERICA. A hybrid of Robinson with Aubudance. Tree very thrifty, symmetrical, spreading; fruit medium to large bright golden ground with pink cheek, dotted white; flesh firm, stone medium to large, cling.

BURBANK. Large, clear purplish red, flesh deep yellow, very sweet and agreeable flavor. Very prolific.

BRUCE. June 1. Large, red, productive. A hybrid originated by Mr. A. L. Bruce of Donley County, Texas. On account of early ripening, large size, firm shipping quality, productiveness, and deliciousness of flavor, we believe we should have to consider this the most profitable of all plums.

MILTON. A valuable variety for the home orchard. Large, round; deep red with white flecks. Blooms late and is highly productive. Ripe in June.

BLUE DAMSON. Fruit large, dark purple, fine flavor. highly esteemed for preserving and jams. Ripens in August.

OMAHA. Large red plum: flesh meaty, sweet and delicious. A very hardy and healthy tree; fast grower, bears first year after putting out; blooms late and escapes frost. Ripens July.

SIX WEEKS. One of the earliest plums, ripens in early May. Bright red, juicy, brings good price on market, and is good for jellies and preserves.

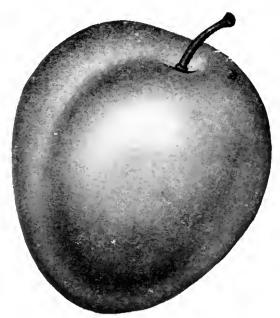
ABUNDANCE (Japanese). Large; amber in color changing to red. Fruit clingstone, juicy, and good. One of the hardiest of the Japanese varieties. Ripens a week later than Red June.

Prices on Plums

Size		E	ach	10	100
12-18	in.	S	.15	\$1.30	\$11.50
18 - 24	in.		.20	1.75	15.00
2-3	ft.		.30	2.60	19.50
3-4	ft.		.35	3.25	23.50
4-5	ft.		.45	3.75	29.75
5 ft.	up		.55	4.75	39.50

Plum-Cherry

COMPASS. A hardy fruit, supposed to be a cross between Miner Plum and one of the Cherries. Tree a vigorous grower, hardy, prolific, and bears ex-



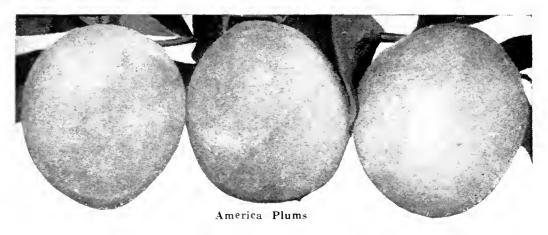
Burbank

tremely young, often fruiting in the nursery row. Fruit rather small, dark red; good for cooking purposes. Should not be gathered until fully ripe in order to develop its fine flavor. Ripe in June.

OPATA. A beautiful sight when in bloom and is very fragrant. Fruit medium; purplish-red splashed with green; flesh greenish in color and very pleasant in flavor. Clingstone. Ripe last of June and first of July. Tree hardy, a spreading grower, and bears quite young.

SAPA. Tree somewhat dwarfish, thrifty and often sets fruit in the nursery row at one year. Fruit large, dark purple with greenish splotches; flesh rich, dark purple-red, of rich flavor, and with small pit. Excellent for cooking purposes. Clingstone. Ripe last of July.

	Prices on Plui		
Size	Each	10	100
12-18 in		\$1.30	\$11.50
18-24 in		1.75	15.00
2- 3 ft		2.60	19.50
3- 4 ft		3.25	23.50
		3.75	29.75
	. 55	4.75	39.50



THE MUNSON NURSERIES — DENISON, TEXAS

Order Number	Date	193		
	SOLD TO (Please print name)		Filled Chkd	••••
Amount Enclosed:	P. O. ADDRESS		Pkd	
	CITY STATE		: Ba	
When to be Shipped:	SHIP TO			
How to be Shipped: Express, Freight, Mail or Truck	(To be filled in only if Shipping Poin from Postoffice Address If any item is out of stock, may w	nt is different) re substitute?	Shpd	
	Write Yes or No			
Quantity	ARTICLE WANTED	Size	Price Each	TOTAL Dollars Cents
		Amount Carrie	d Forward	

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indly	fill in the blanks	below with names and				ed in planti
	NAME	S	Street, Postoffice and Box	Box or Rural Number	Route To	wn and Stat

Planting Instructions

More nursery stock is lost through NEGLECT than any other cause. It should be borne in mind that these products are perishable—that they will not live long and prosper unless they receive proper attention at planting time, and afterwards. Entirely too few people follow transplanting directions, even when these are available. We urge every customer to follow the directions herein given, if they are in the least doubt as to the correct course to pursue.

Care Upon Arrival

On arrival of the trees from the Nursery, if unable to plant immediately, and if the trees are dug without a ball of earth intact (Balled) they should be taken from the bale or box at once, counted and the individual tree examined. Should there be a shortage it should be reported at once. Bare-rooted stock should immediately be heeled in a well-drained, moist piece of sandy ground in order that the soil may thoroughly pulverize between the roots, keeping them from airdrying. The soil should be thoroughly packed around the roots. Water freely and frequently until the trees are planted.

Stock Arriving in Freezing Weather

If frozen when received, do not open the bales or boxes, but place them in a cellar or some cool, dark room that is free from frost, and let them remain until all frost is drawn out. If no cellar or frost-proof room, bury the box or bales in saw-dust or dirt until thawed. The point is to get the frost entirely out without sudden exposure of stock to heat, light or air. Even if frozen solid, the stock will not be injured if handled in this manner.

Time of Planting

In this climate, vegetation, although inactive in winter for the formation of leaves and new wood, is never so as to new roots. A tree transplanted in the early winter will. by the ensuing spring, have grown sufficient new roots to give it a firm hold in the ground, and will grow off rapidly when active vegetation commences. Plant as early after the first killing frost as practicable, although hardy stock can be safely transplanted any time during the winter

when the ground is not too wet or frozen. Planting can be continued until the middle of March, or until just before the buds begin to swell.

Preparation of the Soil

The most desirable soil for fruit trees is a rich loam, naturally dry or made so by drainage. Peaches and plums must be planted on high, well-drained soil. Before planting, prepare the land by thoroughly plowing and subsoiling, first using a two-horse plow, followed by a sub-soil plow. Lay off the rows at required distances, and dig holes at least two feet wide and two feet deep; fill the holes by breaking in the sides, commencing at the bottom.

Preparation of Trees and How to Plant

Before planting, remove the broken roots; cut back one-year peach, apple, pear, cherry and plum trees to a naked stem $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, leaving no side branches. Two-year-old trees should have their branches cut back to half their length or less; the lower limbs less than those above, cutting in shorter as you go upward, leaving the leader the longest. The trees should be set about 2 inches deeper than they stood in the nursery.

Cultivation

You cannot expect to get good results from your trees unless you keep them well cultivated. The soil must be frequently stirred during summer. The area immediately around the trees must be kept free from grass and weeds, and this portion of the orchard should receive special attention. All suckers or branches which start below the head of the tree should be removed.

The Proper Time and When to Plant

All of the stock listed in this catalog can be transplanted any time during the dormant period, that is from the time the leaves drop in the fall until the buds begin to grow in the spring, which season here is from November 10th to March 15th. However, if your ground is in good shape and well prepared, we would suggest fall planting, as it has some advantages over spring planting, especially for all deciduous trees. Evergreens are better planted in the spring. Strawberries in late October to December 10th, and again February and March. In the catalog, special remarks will be made concerning each class of stock.

This catalog contains all that we grow and sell, but by no means contains all that can be grown in your locality or any other section. Its purpose is to let you know what we have, and if you are in need of any of the things listed, we will be most pleased to have your order.

It is our purpose and desire to supply you with the best that can be grown, and we wish for you every success. But that success depends largely upon yourself, for no matter how good the stock, it must have proper attention in handling, planting, fertilizing and cultivating to get the best results. On the other hand if you plant poor stock, no amount of good or even extra care will bring success. It is our business to supply that GOOD stock, and we know we can, since we have been satisfactorily doing so for 60 years.

Fertilizing

Do not use unrotted stable manure or compost fertilizer when trees are planted. A few pounds of bone meal or a few shovels of well rotted stable manure can be used at the bottom of the hole with good results at the time trees are planted. When filling the hole after placing the tree, put the top soil in the bottom of the hole and that which came from the bottom of the hole at the surface. Best results with unrotted manure are attained by using it as a mulch,

after the trees are planted. Commercial fertilizers should be used when trees start to bud out. It is applied by digging a trench around the tree or plant, a few inches past the end of the newly planted roots. Then fill trench to cover fertilizer. For the first two years cultivate the orchard during summer in some crop suited to the location, such as cotton, vegetables, melons, peas, peanuts, velvet or soy beans, giving the preference to leguminous crops. Never plant corn or small grain in your orchard.

Be Sure To Avail Yourself Of One Or Both Of These Exceptional Offers

Special Offer No. 1

2	American Plum18-24	inch
2	Blue Damson Plum18-24	inch
2	Liberty Peach18-24	inch
2	Improved Victor18-24	inch
1	Magnolia Fig18-24	inch
5	Black Grapes	
3	White Grapes	
2	Red Grapes	
25	Austin Mayes Dewberry	

Special Offer No. 2

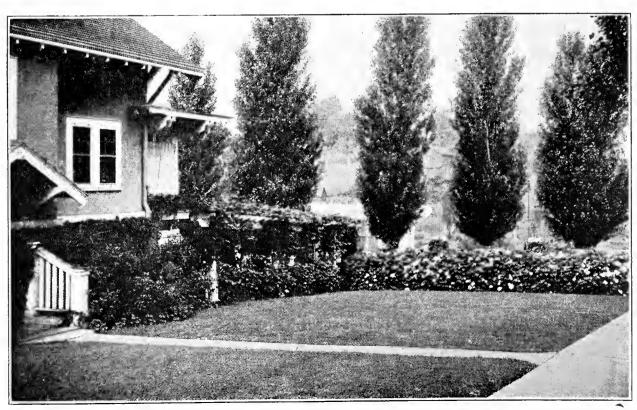
2	Frank2-3	feet
2	Anna2-3	feet
2	Elberta2-3	feet
1	Mamie Ross2-3	feet
1	Munson Plum2-3	feet
5	Black Grapes	
3	White Grapes	
2	Red Grapes	
25	Austin Mayes Dewberry	
5	Youngberry	

\$2.75 Received VED

OSTPAID

\$3.25

POSTPAID



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